

## Designated Wilderness Areas

(Updated 7/2008)

The Appalachian Trail passes through or is immediately adjacent to the following designated wilderness areas (parentheses list the year the Wilderness area was established):

### **New Hampshire** (White Mountain National Forest)

- Great Gulf Wilderness Area (1964)
- Presidential Range - Dry River Wilderness Area (1975)
- Pemigewasset Wilderness Area (1984)
- Wild River Wilderness (2006)

### **Vermont** (Green Mountain National Forest)

- Big Branch Wilderness Area (1984)
- Peru Peak Wilderness Area (1984)
- Lye Brook Wilderness Area (1975)
- Glastenbury Wilderness Area (2006)

### **Virginia** (Shenandoah National Park)

- Shenandoah National Park Wilderness Area (1976)

### **Virginia** (George Washington and Jefferson National Forests)

- Three Ridges Wilderness Area (2000)
- Priest Wilderness Area (2000)
- James River Face Wilderness Area (1975)
- Thunder Ridge Wilderness Area (1984)
- Mountain Lake Wilderness Area (1984)
- Peters Mountain Wilderness Area (1984)
- Beartown Wilderness Area (1984)
- Little Wilson Creek Wilderness Area (1984)
- Lewis Fork Wilderness Area (1984)

### **Tennessee** (Cherokee National Forest)

- Big Laurel Branch Wilderness Area (1986)
- Pond Mountain Wilderness Area (1986)

### **North Carolina** (Nantahala National Forest)

- Southern Nantahala Wilderness Area (1984)

### **Georgia** (Chattahoochee National Forest)

- Southern Nantahala Wilderness Area (1984)
- Tray Mountain Wilderness Area (1986)
- Mark Trail Wilderness (1991)
- Raven Cliffs Wilderness Area (1986)
- Blood Mountain Wilderness (1991)